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August 21, 2000

Box PATENT APPLICATION
 Commissioner for Patents
 Washington, D.C. 20231



Re: New U.S. Patent Appln.
 Our Ref: 951/48969

Sir:

Transmitted herewith for filing is the patent application of:

Clemens LUCHNER
 Bernhard KRASSER

entitled: **ELECTRICAL ROTATING MACHINE HAVING A ROTOR
 AND A STATOR AND METHOD OF MAKING SAME**

Enclosed are:

1. Specification, including 19 claims (17 pages).
2. 1 Sheet of x Formal Informal drawings showing Figs. 1 - 2
3. X Declaration and Power of Attorney (**unexecuted**).
4. Certified copy of Priority Document No. 19939528 filed in Germany on August 20, 1999, the priority of which is being claimed under 35 U.S.C. §119 and 37 C.F.R. §1.55.
6. Information Disclosure Statement with references.
7. The filing fee has been calculated as shown below:

Basic Fee			\$345/690 =	\$690.00
Total Claims	<u>19</u> - 20 =	<u> </u> x	\$ 9/18 =	\$
Independent Claims	<u>2</u> - 3 =	<u> </u> x	\$39/78 =	\$
Multiple Dependent Claim Presented			\$130/260 =	\$
Total Filing Fee				<u>\$690.00</u>

A check in the amount of \$690.00, the filing fee is enclosed. The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any additional fees which may be required, or credit any overpayment, to Deposit Account No. 05-1323 (Docket #951/48969). A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed.

Respectfully submitted,

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DE/WAZ/tcv



00642103.082100

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

SPECIFICATION

INVENTION: ELECTRICAL ROTATING MACHINE HAVING A ROTOR
AND A STATOR AND METHOD OF MAKING SAME

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BACKGROUND AND SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

This application claims the priority of German Patent Document 199 39 528.4, filed August 20, 1999, the disclosure of which is expressly incorporated by reference herein.

The invention relates to an electrical rotating machine having a rotor and a stator, the rotor and the stator each comprising bundles of laminations positioned by way of separate carrying elements (rotor hub, stator housing), and a non-rotatable connection being achieved between the respective carrying element and the assigned bundle of laminations by a form-locking contact of the carrying element on the pertaining bundle of laminations which is caused by plastic deformation.

For fastening iron lamina on a rotor bush of an electrical rotating machine, it is known from the type-forming German Patent Document DE-PS 292 175 that, from the inside, the iron bush is so far expanded that it penetrates slightly between the individual lamination and holds them separate from one another. As a result, the wall of the rotor bush comes in intimate contact with the respective inner bore of the individual lamination so that a subsequent displacement is excluded. In this case, the material of the bush penetrates

between the individual lamination and keeps them separate from one another.

A disadvantage of this known non-rotatable connection achieved by plastic deformation is the operationally unreliable absorption and transmission of high torques.

It is an object of the invention to indicate a simple further development in combination with an effective deformation process for the non-rotatable connection between the respective bundle of laminations and the pertaining carrying element of an electrical rotating machine for the reliable transmission of high torques.

This object is achieved in that the respective bundle of laminations has a profiled contact surface for the assigned carrying element, and in that, by an electromagnetic forming of the carrying element (hub) effective at least in areas, its form-locking contact is achieved on the profiled contact surface of the bundle of laminations.

By means of the invention, a highly stressable, non-rotatable connection is created in a particularly advantageous manner.

joining the cast hub with the bundle of laminations, which is eliminated after the joining by electromagnetic forming.

By means of this further development, a simplified manufacturing is achieved at reasonable cost, in which case the cast rotor hub, depending on the requirements, for reasons of acoustics and/or ventilation, may have a cylindrical or profiled design on the interior side.

Another aspect of the invention relates to the fact that an additional indentation is provided in the profiled contact surface of the respective bundle of laminations, a section of the rotor hub molded into the indentation by means of electromagnetic formation being used for the axial securing of the rotor hub relative to the bundle of laminations.

Thus, in addition to the torque transmission in the circumferential direction secured by the wave profile, an axial securing of the rotor is also achieved relative to its bundle of laminations.

The electrical rotating machine designed according to the invention is preferably used as an asynchronous motor, as a starter and generator device, which can be coupled to a crankshaft of an internal-combustion engine.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Figure 1 is a view of a rotor hub with a thin-walled
cylinder jacket, constructed according to preferred
embodiments of the invention;

Figure 2 is a view of a rotor hub in a cast construction
in accordance with the invention.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

An electrical rotating machine 1, which is illustrated
only in sections, comprises a conventional rotor 2 and a
stator which surrounds this rotor 2 and is not shown, the
rotor 2 comprising a bundle of laminations 4 which can be
positioned by way of a separate carrying element designed as a
rotor hub 3. A non-rotatable connection between the carrying
element designed as a rotor hub 3 and the assigned bundle of
laminations is achieved by a form-locking contact of the rotor
hub on the pertaining bundle of laminations caused by plastic
deformation.

For achieving a highly stressable non-rotatable
connection between the bundle of laminations 4 and the rotor

hub 3, a simple further development of the connection is to be indicated in combination with an effective deforming process.

According to the invention, the bundle of laminations 4 has a profiled contact surface 5 for the assigned wheel hub 3 for this purpose, by an electromagnetic formation of the rotor hub 3, which is effective at least in areas, the form-locking contact of the rotor hub 3 is achieved on the profile contact surface 5 of the bundle of laminations 4.

For each rotor 2 of Figures 1 and 2 which has a bundle of laminations 4 having longitudinal grooves 6, the respective contact surface 5 for the respective rotor hub 3 is designed as a wave profile 7, a surface-enlarging or cross-section-enlarging wave crest 8 being assigned to each longitudinal groove 6.

According to Figure 1, the rotor hub 3 is constructed with a relatively thin-walled cylinder jacket 9 which is molded by electromagnetic forming into the wave profile 7 of the bundle of laminations 4 according to the right half of Figure 1.

According to Figure 2, a cast rotor hub 3 has a connection surface 10 which corresponds with the wave profile

7 of the bundle of laminations 4, the shrinkage occurring with
the cooling of the cast hub 3 resulting in a joining play S_j ,
used for joining the cast hub 3 with the bundle of laminations
4, which is eliminated after the joining by electromagnetic
formation.

For the axial securing of the rotor hub 3 relative to the
bundle of laminations 4, an additional indentation, which is
not shown, is provided in the profiled contact surface 5 of
the bundle of laminations 4, a section of the rotor hub 3,
which is molded into the indentation during the
electromagnetic forming, causing an axial securing.

The electrical rotating machine 1 designed according to
the invention is preferably used as an asynchronous motor
which can be coupled to a crankshaft of an internal-combustion
engine, which is not shown, and is used as a starter and
generator. Furthermore, a synchronous motor can also be used.

The construction according to the invention, which is
described for a conventional rotor 2 according to Figures 1
and 2, applies also to a stator, in which case the stator can
enclose the rotor 2 or the rotor 2 encloses the stator.

The foregoing disclosure has been set forth merely to illustrate the invention and is not intended to be limiting. since modifications of the disclosed embodiments incorporating the spirit and substance of the invention may occur to persons skilled in the art, the invention should be construed to include everything within the scope of the appended claims and equivalents thereof.

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001220-0012100

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. Electrical rotating machine comprising a rotor and a stator, the rotor and/or the stator each comprising bundles of laminations positioned by way of separate carrying elements (rotor hub 3, stator housing), and

a non-rotatable connection between the respective carrying element and the assigned bundle of laminations by a form-locking contact of the carrying element (on the pertaining bundle of laminations which is caused by plastic deformation,

wherein the respective bundle of laminations has a profiled contact surface for the assigned carrying element (rotor hub 3), and

wherein form-locking contact is achieved on the profiled contact surface of the bundle of laminations by an electromagnetic forming of the carrying element (rotor hub 3, stator housing) effective at least in areas.

2. Electrical rotating machine according to Claim 1, wherein the rotor has a bundle of laminations with longitudinal grooves,

wherein a contact surface for the rotor hub has a wave profile, and

wherein a surface-enlarging wave rest is assigned to each longitudinal groove.

3. Electrical rotating machine according to Claim 2,
wherein the rotor hub is constructed with a relatively thin-walled cylinder jacket which is molded by electromagnetic forming into the wave profile of the bundle of laminations.

4. Electrical rotating machine according to Claim 2,
wherein the rotor hub in the cast construction has a connection surface which corresponds with the wave profile of the bundle of laminations, and

wherein the shrinkage occurring with the cooling of the cast hub results in a joining play (S_f) used for joining the cast hub with the bundle of laminations, which joining play is eliminated after the joining by electromagnetic formation.

5. Electrical rotating machine according to Claim 1,
wherein an additional indentation is provided in the profiled contact surface of the respective bundle of laminations, and

wherein a section of the rotor hub, which is molded into the indentation during the electromagnetic forming, is used for the axial securing of the rotor hub relative to the bundle of laminations.

6. Electrical rotating machine according to Claim 2,
wherein an additional indentation is provided in the profiled
contact surface of the respective bundle of laminations, and

wherein a section of the rotor hub, which is molded into
the indentation during the electromagnetic forming, is used
for the axial securing of the rotor hub relative to the bundle
of laminations.

7. Electrical rotating machine according to Claim 3,
wherein an additional indentation is provided in the profiled
contact surface of the respective bundle of laminations, and

wherein a section of the rotor hub, which is molded into
the indentation during the electromagnetic forming, is used
for the axial securing of the rotor hub relative to the bundle
of laminations.

8. Electrical rotating machine according to Claim 4,
wherein an additional indentation is provided in the profiled
contact surface of the respective bundle of laminations, and

wherein a section of the rotor hub, which is molded into
the indentation during the electromagnetic forming, is used
for the axial securing of the rotor hub relative to the bundle
of laminations.

9. Electrical rotating machine according to Claim 1,
comprising use of the rotating machine as an asynchronous
motor or synchronous motor, as a starter and generator device,
which can be coupled with a crankshaft of an internal-
5 combustion engine.

10. Electrical rotating machine according to Claim 2,
comprising use of the rotating machine as an asynchronous
motor or synchronous motor, as a starter and generator device,
which can be coupled with a crankshaft of an internal-
10 combustion engine.

11. Electrical rotating machine according to Claim 3,
comprising use of the rotating machine as an asynchronous
motor or synchronous motor, as a starter and generator device,
which can be coupled with a crankshaft of an internal-
15 combustion engine.

12. Electrical rotating machine according to Claim 4,
20 comprising use of the rotating machine as an asynchronous
motor or synchronous motor, as a starter and generator device,
which can be coupled with a crankshaft of an internal-
combustion engine.

13. Electrical rotating machine according to Claim 5,
comprising use of the rotating machine as an asynchronous
motor or synchronous motor, as a starter and generator device,
which can be coupled with a crankshaft of an internal-
combustion engine.

14. A method of making an electrical rotating machine
comprising a rotor and a stator, the rotor and/or the stator
each comprising bundles of laminations positioned by way of
separate carrying elements (rotor hub 3, stator housing), and
a non-rotatable connection between the respective
carrying element and the assigned bundle of laminations by a
form-locking contact of the carrying element on the pertaining
bundle of laminations which is caused by plastic deformation,
wherein the respective bundle of laminations has a
profiled contact surface for the assigned carrying element
(rotor hub 3),

said method comprising electromagnetic forming of the
carrying element effective at least in areas to achieve form-
locking contact on the profiled contact surface of the bundle
of laminations

15. A method of making an electrical rotating machine
according to Claim 14, wherein the rotor has a bundle of
laminations with longitudinal grooves,

wherein a contact surface for the rotor hub has a wave profile, and

wherein a surface-enlarging wave rest is assigned to each longitudinal groove.

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16. A method of making an electrical rotating machine according to Claim 15, wherein the rotor hub is constructed with a relatively thin-walled cylinder jacket which is molded by electromagnetic forming into the wave profile of the bundle of laminations.

17. A method of making an electrical rotating machine according to Claim 15, wherein the rotor hub in the cast construction has a connection surface which corresponds with the wave profile of the bundle of laminations, and

wherein the shrinkage occurring with the cooling of the cast hub results in a joining play (S_f) used for joining the cast hub with the bundle of laminations, which jointly play is eliminated after the joining by electromagnetic formation.

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18. A method of making an electrical rotating machine according to Claim 14, wherein an additional indentation is provided in the profiled contact surface of the respective bundle of laminations, and

wherein a section of the rotor hub, which is molded into the indentation during the electromagnetic forming, is used for the axial securing of the rotor hub relative to the bundle of laminations.

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19. A method of making an electrical rotating machine according to Claim 15, wherein an additional indentation is provided in the profiled contact surface of the respective bundle of laminations, and

wherein a section of the rotor hub, which is molded into the indentation during the electromagnetic forming, is used for the axial securing of the rotor hub relative to the bundle of laminations.

ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

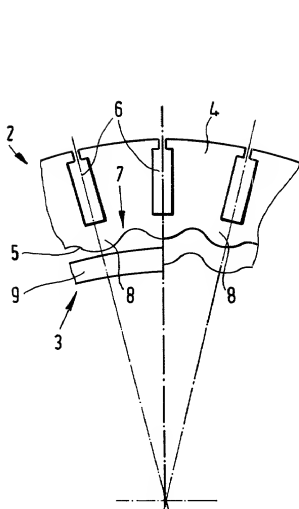


FIG. 1

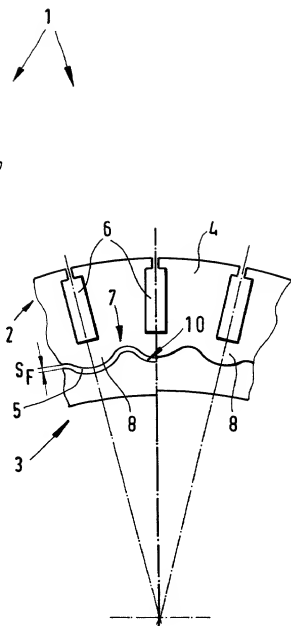


FIG. 2

DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY - PATENT APPLICATION

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that my citizenship, postal address and residence are as stated below; that I verily believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one inventor is named below) or a joint inventor (if plural inventors are named below) of the invention entitled:

**ELECTRICAL ROTATING MACHINE HAVING A ROTOR AND
A STATOR AND METHOD OF MAKING SAME**

the specification of which

 X is attached hereto, or
 was filed on _____ as Application Serial No. _____ and
 was amended on _____ (if applicable).

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above-identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above. I acknowledge the duty to disclose all information known to be material to patentability as defined in 37 CFR §1.56. I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under Title 35, United States Code §119 of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate listed below and have also identified below any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed:

Prior Foreign Application(s)			Priority Claimed
<u>199 39 528.4</u>	<u>Germany</u>	<u>20 / 08 / 99</u>	<u>Yes</u>
(Number)	(Country)	(Day/Month/Year)	
_____	_____	_____	_____
(Number)	(Country)	(Day/Month/Year)	

I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code, §120 of any United States application(s) listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of Title 35, United States Code, §112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose all information known to be material to patentability as defined in 37 CFR §1.56 which became available between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT international filing date of this application:

_____	_____	_____
(Application Serial No.)	(Filing Date)	(Status)

I hereby appoint as principal attorneys Herbert I. Cantor, Reg. No. 24,392; James F. McKeown, Reg. No. 25,406; Donald D. Evenson, Reg. No. 26,160; Joseph D. Evans, Reg. No. 26,269; Gary R. Edwards, Reg. No. 31,824; and Jeffrey D. Sanok, Reg. No. 32,169, to prosecute and transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected with this application and any related United States and international applications. Please direct all communications to:

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I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under §1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code, and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issuing thereon.

001280-00212465

DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY

Page 2

Attorney Docket No. 951/48969

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